

## 2001 Census Key Statistics for Hammersmith & Fulham

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## Introduction

Following the release of summary age and gender data from the Census last September, the Office For National Statistics (ONS) have now published a series of tables of Key Statistics at Local Authority level providing more than 500 counts or percentages. The data for Hammersmith & Fulham is reproduced in full below, along with some comparisons with other areas and with 1991 data where possible. Comparisons are not always possible because of definitional changes or absence of equivalent tables at the two dates.

In the case of comparisons with 1991 data, more reliability should be placed on percentage breakdowns of the population rather than to absolute numbers. This is because there are some differences in the population base between the two Census dates:

- in 2001 the population data has been corrected for under-enumeration whereas the data sets published for 1991 were unadjusted for this. This makes a difference of between 1 and 2 per cent.
- there were Borough boundary changes in 1994 and 1996 involving a net loss to the Borough of approximately 1,000 people.
- the definition of the population base differs in some respects. In 2001 students are counted at term-time address whereas in 1991 they were counted at their home address. However, this change is not expected to have a great effect on data for Hammersmith & Fulham.

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Source of data : 2001 Census Key Statistics for Local Authorities

## Summary of Key Points

1. Census data indicates that there was a higher **rate of increase** in the population of Hammersmith & Fulham than Inner or Greater London between 1991 and 2001 (Table 1). The actual increase is more accurately derived from the Mid-Year Estimates than the Censuses for comparability reasons, and this is 7.6% from the revised set of Mid Year Estimates issued by ONS in February 2003.
2. The **age structure** shows a higher proportion of young adults aged 20-29 (23.8%) compared to Inner London (20.9%) or Greater London (17.1%). The proportion of children aged 0-17 (18.3%) is lower than in the wider region but has increased since 1991. The proportion of those aged 65 or over is 10.5%, lower than in 1991 but about the same as Inner London as a whole. (Table 2)
3. The Borough has the second highest proportion (54.7%) of any local authority in England & Wales of **single people** in the adult population. Four in ten (40.3%) of all households consist of just one person. On the other hand, the Borough has the third lowest proportion (26.0%) of adults who are married or re-married. Some 13.1% of adults are living as cohabiting couples. (Tables 3, 4 and 5)
4. The proportion of **single parent** households with dependent children has stayed fairly constant (6.5% of the total compared to 6.3% in 1991). Some 91% of them are headed by women, of whom only 16.0% are in full-time employment. Inner and Greater London have higher proportions of single parent households. (Table 8)
5. There is a great diversity of different types of household within Hammersmith & Fulham. The Borough has the fourth highest proportion (22.3%) of any local authority in England & Wales of '**other**' households, *other than* single persons or families living on their own. Most of these consist of two or more unrelated adults living together.
6. Average **household size** is 2.16 people, which is the twelfth lowest of any local authority in England & Wales, though it has risen slightly since 1991. (Table 31)
7. The population is healthier than the wider region, partly as a result of age structure. The proportion of people with **limiting long-term illness** has increased since 1991 and now affects 14.7% of the total, but this is a lower proportion than Inner or Greater London. Those adults who are permanently sick or disabled has gone up to 4.7%. The overall proportion of people whose **health** was 'not good' is 8.2%, a lower proportion than the wider area. (Tables 6, 7 and 13)
8. One in five households (20.1%) had a different address one year before Census date, a **mobility rate** which is the seventh highest rate of any local authority in England & Wales. Of those who had moved, 3.4% had arrived from outside the UK. (Table 9)
9. The proportion of residents of **ethnic groups** other than white has gone up from 17.5% in 1991 to 22.1%. The largest grouping is people of Black ethnic origin (11.1%) and the proportion of people of Black or Black British Caribbean origin is the eleventh highest of any local authority in England & Wales. The ethnic minority population is lower than Inner London as a whole (34.3%) or Greater London (28.9%). However, the proportion of Irish as an ethnic group (4.8%) is the third highest of any local authority in England & Wales. (Table 11)
10. A third (33.6%) of all residents were **born outside the UK**, a rise from 28.4% in 1991 (Table 10). The Borough has the 15<sup>th</sup> highest proportion of any local authority in England & Wales of people born outside the European Union.
11. Hammersmith & Fulham has a diversity of **religious groupings** among residents. One in ten belong to non-Christian religions and the next largest religious group after Christians is Muslims (6.9%). Some 17.6% of residents have no religion. The question was a voluntary one and there was a 9% non-response. (Table 12)

12. The **unemployment rate** almost halved since 1991 to 5.0% at April 2001. Nearly three in ten (28.7%) of the unemployed are long-term unemployed. These rates are lower than Inner London as a whole though relatively high compared to national rates. (Tables 13,14 and 15)
13. **Activity rates** for women aged 16-74 have dropped a little, from 68.2% in 1991 to 64.0% in 2001. Similarly, that for men has dropped from 79.6% to 75.3%. (Tables 13,14 and 15)
14. The proportion of the **self-employed** has risen to 10.3% of those aged 16-74. Full-time students who are economically active have also gone up significantly. (Tables 13,14 and 15)
15. Proportions of working age residents in **higher-paid jobs** are increasing. Four in ten adults (40.8%) are managers, senior officials or professionals compared to 35.9% in Inner London and 32.4% in Greater London. 17.9% are in higher managerial or professional positions: this has increased significantly from 1991 when only 12.3% fell within this occupation group. There have been similar significant rises in associate professional and technical occupations: 15.8% in 1991 to 23.5% in 2001. On the other hand, 11.3% are in 'routine' or 'semi-routine' operations and 5.5% have never worked or are long-term unemployed. (Tables 20, 24)
16. People **working from home** have increased from 5.7% of employed people in 1991 to 8.9% in 2001.
17. **Travel to work** by residents by train has increased from 1.7% in 1991 to 3.7% in 2001 and travel to work by tube has risen slightly (to 37.6%, which is the highest figure of any local authority in England & Wales). However, travel by bus has fallen from 12.8% in 1991 to 10.7% in 2001. Altogether, travel to work by public transport (52.0%) is the seventh highest figure of any local authority in England & Wales. Driving to work by car has fallen from 22.4% in 1991 to 18.0% in 2001 which is the 8<sup>th</sup> lowest figure in England & Wales. Cycle travel has gone up from 3.8% to 4.8%, which is above the Inner London (3.5%) and Greater London (2.3%) averages. (Table 27)
18. Significantly fewer resident adults have no **qualifications** (17.9%) than in Inner London (22.7%) or Greater London (23.7%); and a higher proportion have higher level qualifications at least of **NVQ levels 4-5, HNC or HND** (45.1% which is more than double the national rate and is seventh highest of any local authority in England & Wales). (Table 23)
19. The number of **household spaces** in the Borough has gone up from 75,464 in 1991 to 77,742 in 2001. Of the total, 2.5% were vacant and 0.5% were second residences. The vacancy rate is lower than Inner London (3.0%) and Greater London (2.6%) (Table 28)
20. **Car ownership** has gone up from 48.0% in 1991 to 51.4% in 2001. Car ownership is higher than Inner London generally (49.4%). The proportion of households with more than one car (11.1%) however is very similar to the 1991 figure. (Table 29)
21. Data on **tenure** by household shows that owner occupation has continued to rise and 44.0% of households now own their homes compared to 41.9% in 1991. Council tenure has dropped to 19.2% and private renting to 19.7% of all households. Housing Association/RSL renting has risen from 11.1% to 13.5%. (Table 30)
22. **Housing conditions** have improved and 88.5% of household spaces now have central heating and sole use of bath/ shower and toilet compared to 72.9% in 1991 (though conditions are marginally better for Inner London as a whole). Average rooms per households have risen from 4.0 in 1991 to 4.2. (Table 31)
23. Four in ten (42.2%) of households live **above the ground floor**. (Table 31)

Table 1 Usual Resident Population

<b>Count</b>	<b>LBHF 2001</b>	<b>LBHF 1991</b>	<b>Inner London</b>	<b>Greater London</b>	<b>England &amp; Wales</b>
All resident population	165,242	147,748	2,766,114	7,172,091	52,041,916
Males	78,993	69,308	1,340,627	3,468,793	25,325,926
Females	86,249	78,440	1,425,487	3,703,298	26,715,990
% intercensal change in all population	11.84	-	10.46	7.38	4.31
% of people living in households	98.75	-	98.27	98.70	98.20
% of people living in communal establishments	1.25	-	1.73	1.30	1.80
Area (hectares)	1,640	1,615	31,930	157,208	15,101,270
Density (no of people per hectare)	100.73	91.9	86.63	45.62	3.45
No of students away from home	1,558	-	21,382	65,477	515,144

- Notes
- 1) Data on number of students away from home was not available in 1991. The measure refers to the number of students and schoolchildren in full-time education who would reside in the area were they not living away from home in term-time.
  - 2) Area measurements are based on the 2001 version of the OS Boundary-Line data-set, amended where Borough boundaries have changed since 2001, and do not include inland water.
  - 3) The definition of communal establishments changed in 2001 compared to 1991.

Table 2 : Age Structure

<b>Count % of the population aged:</b>	<b>LBHF 2001</b>	<b>LBHF 1991</b>	<b>Inner London</b>	<b>Greater London</b>	<b>England &amp; Wales</b>
0-4	6.17	6.09	6.87	6.67	5.95
5-7	3.07	3.03	3.63	3.78	3.74
8-9	1.94	1.81	2.35	2.52	2.62
10-14	4.46	4.22	5.59	6.07	6.58
15	0.82	0.79	1.04	1.16	1.27
16-17	1.84	1.64	2.20	2.38	2.51
18-19	1.69	2.14	2.29	2.28	2.40
20-24	9.04	11.26	8.74	7.40	6.00
25-29	14.80	14.23	12.12	9.65	6.60
30-44	27.82	23.10	27.39	25.67	22.55
45-59	14.13	14.41	13.99	16.05	18.93
60-64	3.71	4.00	3.51	3.94	4.89
65-74	5.52	7.08	5.54	6.53	8.39
75-84	3.70	4.85	3.52	4.33	5.64
85-89	0.87	0.93	0.81	1.06	1.30
90+	0.40	0.38	0.40	0.52	0.65
Mean age of the population	35.19	-	34.34	35.95	38.65
Median age of the population	32	-	32	34	37

Note: 1) 'Age' is age last birthday.

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Source of data : 2001 Census Key Statistics for Local Authorities Tables KS01 and KS02

Table 3 : Living Arrangements

<b>Count</b>			<b>LBHF 2001</b>	<b>Inner London</b>	<b>Greater London</b>	<b>England &amp; Wales</b>
All people aged 16 and over in households			136,066	2,180,508	5,632,491	40,666,546
% of resident population aged 16 or over in households	Living in a couple:	Married or re-married	26.13	29.76	39.90	50.74
		Cohabiting	13.07	12.04	10.29	9.84
	Not living in a couple:	Single (never married)	43.60	40.46	33.01	23.02
		Married or re-married	2.83	2.90	2.06	0.92
		Separated (but still legally married)	2.32	2.92	2.43	1.91
		Divorced	6.61	6.52	5.93	5.88
		Widowed	5.43	5.40	6.37	7.68

- Notes
- 1) The living arrangements variable is different to marital status. It combines information from both marital status and the relationship matrix. Therefore a person living as part of a 'cohabiting couple' could in fact be married (to someone else) but will not appear as married or separated in this classification.
  - 2) A person not living in a couple can be classified as married (or re-married) if they denote their marital status as married (or re-married) but have no spouse or partner resident in the household.
  - 3) 'Separated but still legally married' was a concept added to the Census in 2001

Table 4: Marital Status

<b>Count</b>		<b>LBHF 2001</b>	<b>LBHF 1991</b>	<b>Inner London</b>	<b>Greater London</b>	<b>England &amp; Wales</b>
All People aged 16 and over		138,016	124,781	2,227,300	5,723,855	41,553,180
% of resident population aged 16 or over	Single (never married)	54.72	48.21	50.63	41.23	30.11
	Married	26.00	36.72	29.11	37.36	43.56
	Re-married	3.02	-	3.38	4.32	7.36
	Separated (but still legally married)	2.81	-	3.46	2.93	2.37
	Divorced	7.84	7.61	7.79	7.40	8.23
	Widowed	5.60	7.46	5.64	6.75	8.37

- Note:
- 1) 'Separated but still legally married' was a concept added to the Census in 2001. In 1991 data this was contained within 'married', as was 're-married'.

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Source of data : 2001 Census Key Statistics for Local Authorities Tables KS03 and KS04

Table 5: Household Composition

<b>Count</b>			<b>LBHF 2001</b>	<b>LBHF 1991</b>	<b>Inner London</b>	<b>Greater London</b>	<b>England &amp; Wales</b>	
Total households			75,438	69823	1,219,859	3,015,997	21,660,475	
% of :	One person	Pensioner	12.88	14.16	11.73	12.67	14.43	
		Other	27.40	27.54	28.33	22.04	15.59	
	One family and no others	All pensioners		2.77	-	3.12	5.37	8.97
		Married couple households	No children	6.31	-	6.46	8.47	13.00
			With dependent children	9.59	-	11.05	15.19	17.56
			All children non-dependent	2.53	-	3.02	4.85	5.99
		Cohabiting couple households	No children	7.08	-	6.26	5.32	4.72
	With dependent children		1.78	-	2.33	2.51	3.24	
	All children non-dependent		0.23	-	0.24	0.27	0.32	
	Lone parent households	With dependent children	6.54	6.3	8.37	7.60	6.46	
All children non-dependent		3.39	-	3.45	3.54	3.06		
Other households	With dependent children		3.71	-	4.07	3.65	2.23	
	All student		0.62	-	0.70	0.47	0.39	
	All pensioner		0.36	-	0.33	0.37	0.41	
	Other		14.81	-	10.54	7.68	3.62	

Note: 1) A dependent child is a person in a household aged 0 to 15 (whether or not in a family) or a person aged 16 to 18 who is a full-time student and in a family with parent(s).

Table 6: Households with Limiting Long-Term Illness and Dependent Children

<b>Count</b>			<b>LBHF 2001</b>	<b>LBHF 1991</b>	<b>Inner London</b>	<b>Greater London</b>	<b>England &amp; Wales</b>
Total households			75,438	69823	1,219,859	3,015,997	21,660,475
% of hhs:	No adults in employment	With dependent children	6.02	6.16	7.95	6.59	4.90
		Without dependent children	26.19	28.34	26.65	26.64	31.17
	With dependent children	All ages	21.62	21.11	25.83	28.95	29.50
		Aged 0-4	10.02	10.19	12.01	12.43	11.36
With one or more person with a limiting long-term illness			27.05	21.10	29.04	29.65	34.05

Note 1) A dependent child is a person in a household aged 0 to 15 (whether or not in a family) or a person aged 16 to 18 who is a full-time student and in a family with parent(s).

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Source of data : 2001 Census Key Statistics for Local Authorities Tables KS20 and KS21

Table 7: Health and Provision of Unpaid Care

<b>Count</b>		<b>LBHF 2001</b>	<b>LBHF 1991</b>	<b>Inner London</b>	<b>Greater London</b>	<b>England &amp; Wales</b>	
All resident population		165,242	148502	2,766,114	7,172,091	52,041,916	
Limiting long-term illness	% of people with limiting long-term illness	14.66	11.73	15.64	15.49	18.23	
	% of people of working age with limiting long-term illness	11.18	7.80	12.69	11.87	13.56	
General health	% of people whose health was good	72.99	-	70.70	70.82	68.55	
	% of people whose health was fairly good	18.80	-	20.36	20.90	22.23	
	% of people whose health was not good	8.22	-	8.94	8.28	9.22	
Provision of unpaid care	All people who provide unpaid care		11,600	-	207,976	609,890	5,217,805
	% who provide unpaid care:	1-19 hours a week	71.22	-	66.04	68.53	68.15
		20-49 hours a week	11.75	-	13.28	11.93	10.99
		50+ hours a week	17.03	-	20.68	19.54	20.86

- Notes
- 1) Limiting long-term illness covers any long-term illness, health problem or disability which limits daily activities or work.
  - 2) Working age population is 16-64 inclusive for men and 16-59 inclusive for women.
  - 3) General health refers to health over the 12 months prior to Census day ( 29<sup>th</sup> April 2001)..
  - 4) Provision of unpaid care refers to looking after, giving help or support to family members, friends, neighbours or others because of long-term physical or mental ill-health or disability or problems relating to old age.
  - 5) Questions on general health and unpaid care were not asked in 1991.

Table 8: Lone Parent Households with Dependent Children

<b>Count</b>		<b>LBHF 2001</b>	<b>LBHF 1991</b>	<b>Inner London</b>	<b>Greater London</b>	<b>England &amp; Wales</b>
Total lone parent households with dependent children		4,932	4,367	102,049	229,306	1,399,939
Male lone parent	Total	445	283	8,402	18,306	133,233
	% in full-time employment	6.74		7.66	7.00	6.95
	% in part-time employment	35.28		40.49	49.11	55.93
Female lone parent	Total	4,487	4,084	93,647	210,918	1,266,706
	% in full-time employment	15.98		14.46	16.46	26.37
	% in part-time employment	22.67		23.54	24.57	21.43

- Notes
- 1) A dependent child is a person in a household aged 0 to 15 (whether or not in a family) or a person aged 16 to 18 who is a full-time student and in a family with parent(s).
  - 2) For the Census, part-time is defined as working 30 hours or less a week. Full-time is defined as working 31 or more hours a week.
  - 3) For the purposes of this table, a lone parent is defined as a parent with a dependent child living in a household with no other persons (whether related to that dependent child or not). This definition is to be distinguished from the standard definition of lone parents used in other tables.

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Source of data : 2001 Census Key Statistics for Local Authorities Tables KS08 and KS22



Table 9: Migration

<b>Count</b>		<b>LBHF 2001</b>	<b>LBHF 1991</b>	<b>Inner London</b>	<b>Greater London</b>	<b>England &amp; Wales</b>
All people		165,242	148502	2,766,114	7,172,091	52,041,916
% of these who are Migrants (ie moved into or within the area)		20.08	16.74	17.47	14.20	12.18
% of all people :	who moved into the area from within UK	9.58	-	-	-	-
	who moved into the area from outside UK	3.39	-	2.46	1.69	0.71
	with no usual address one year before Census	2.00	3.00	1.86	1.39	0.81
	who moved within the area	5.11	-	-	-	-
	who moved out of the area	10.77	-	-	-	-
All people in ethnic groups other than white		36,640	25,989	949,509	2,068,888	4,521,050
% of these who are migrants		15.50	16.02	14.42	14.65	16.10
% of migrants in Ethnic Groups other than White :	who moved into the area from within UK	5.88	-	-	-	-
	who moved into the area from outside UK	2.71	-	2.04	2.03	2.51
	with no usual address one year before Census	2.19	-	2.12	1.91	1.84
	who moved within the area	4.72	-	-	-	-
	who moved out of the area	6.90	-	-	-	-

Note 1) 'People who moved out of the area' are people whose address one year ago was within the area but whose current address is outside the area but within the UK, expressed as a percentage of current population of the area. These people do not appear in the 'all people' column or the 'all people in ethnic groups other than white' column.

Table 10: Country of Birth

<b>Count</b>		<b>LBHF 2001</b>	<b>LBHF 1991</b>	<b>Inner London</b>	<b>Greater London</b>	<b>England &amp; Wales</b>
All People		165,242	147,748	2,766,114	7,172,091	52,041,916
% of people born in:	England	61.99	66.61	62.75	69.87	83.70
	Scotland	2.37	2.51	1.83	1.52	1.57
	Wales	1.24	1.42	1.09	1.00	5.38
	Northern Ireland	0.81	1.05	0.63	0.52	0.43
	Republic of Ireland	3.66	5.76	2.38	2.19	0.91
	Other EU countries	5.97	4.00	4.50	3.06	1.38
	Elsewhere	23.95	18.65	26.83	21.83	6.63

Note : 1) European Union is as defined on Census day. 'Other EU countries' includes United Kingdom, part not specified, Ireland, part not specified, Channel Islands and Isle of Man. In 2001, EU included Austria, Finland and Sweden, which were not within the EU in 1991.

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Source of data : 2001 Census Key Statistics for Local Authorities Tables KS05 and KS25

Table 11: Ethnic Group

<b>Count</b>		<b>LBHF 2001</b>	<b>LBHF 1991</b>	<b>Inner London</b>	<b>Greater London</b>	<b>England</b>
All People		165,242	148502	2,766,114	7,172,091	49,138,831
<i>% of people in ethnic groups other than white</i>		22.18	17.50	34.32	28.85	9.08
White	Total white	77.82	82.50	65.68	71.15	90.92
	British	58.04		50.50	59.79	86.99
	Irish	4.83		3.37	3.07	1.27
	Other white	14.95		11.81	8.29	2.66
Mixed	White and Black Caribbean	1.22	-	1.30	0.99	0.47
	White and Black African	0.63	-	0.66	0.48	0.16
	White and Asian	0.97	-	0.86	0.84	0.37
	Other Mixed	1.00	-	1.08	0.85	0.31
Asian or Asian British	Total Asian	4.44	4.12	10.64	12.09	4.57
	Indian	1.65		3.09	6.09	2.09
	Pakistani	1.04		1.57	1.99	1.44
	Bangladeshi	0.61		4.64	2.15	0.56
	Other Asian	1.14		1.34	1.86	0.48
Black or Black British	Total Black	11.12	10.19	16.43	10.91	2.30
	Caribbean	5.16		6.87	4.79	1.14
	African	4.88		8.27	5.28	0.97
	Other Black	1.08		1.29	0.84	0.19
Chinese or Other Ethnic Group	Chinese	0.79	0.74	1.41	1.12	0.45
	Other Ethnic Group	2.00	0.25	1.95	1.58	0.44

Note 1) The ethnic categories were extended in 2001 compared to 1991 and in particular introduced the concept of 'Mixed ethnic origin'. This means that there is in strict terms no comparability between any detailed non-white categories between the two Censuses

Table 12: Religion

<b>Count</b>		<b>LBHF 2001</b>	<b>Inner London</b>	<b>Greater London</b>	<b>England &amp; Wales</b>
All resident population		165,242	2,766,114	7,172,091	52,041,916
% of people stating religion as:	Christian	63.65	54.57	58.23	71.75
	Buddhist	0.77	1.00	0.76	0.28
	Hindu	1.09	1.90	4.07	1.06
	Jewish	0.79	1.78	2.09	0.50
	Muslim	6.85	11.67	8.46	2.97
	Sikh	0.19	0.51	1.45	0.63
	Other religions	0.43	0.44	0.51	0.29
	No religion	17.64	18.34	15.76	14.81
Religion not stated	8.59	9.79	8.66	7.71	

Note: 1) There was no religion question in the 1991 Census.

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Source of data : 2001 Census Key Statistics for Local Authorities Tables KS06 and KS07

Table 13: Economic Activity – All People

Count			<b>LBHF 2001</b>	<b>LBHF 1991</b>	<b>Inner London</b>	<b>Greater London</b>	<b>England &amp; Wales</b>	
All people aged 16 -74			129,792	115,630	2,096,540	5,300,332	37,607,438	
% people aged 16 - 74	Economically Active	Emplo yees	Full Time*	45.89	46.12	41.51	42.64	40.55
			Part time*	6.02	6.37	7.0	8.62	11.78
		Self Employed	10.31	8.9	8.89	8.97	8.28	
		Unemployed	4.97	9.57	5.58	4.36	3.35	
		Full Time Student	2.25	0.42	3.14	2.96	2.57	
	Economically Inactive	Retired	7.73	9.4	7.76	9.81	13.61	
		Student	7.19	5.56	8.26	6.57	4.70	
		Looking After home/family	6.3	-	7.12	7.17	6.51	
		Permanently sick/ disabled	4.73	3.66	5.33	4.57	5.52	
		Other	4.62	9.76	5.4	4.34	3.12	
Percentage of unemployed people aged 16 - 74	Aged 16 – 24	18.4	25.66	19.9	21.31	25.9		
	Aged over 50	15.36	15.13	14.26	16.06	18.6		
	Who have never worked#	10.75	-	14.00	12.68	9.26		
	Who are long-term unemployed	28.71	-	31.93	31.9	30.32		

Notes

- 1) \* For the Census, part-time is defined as working 30 hours or less a week. Full-time is defined as working 31 or more hours a week
- 2) # for those that have stated that they have not worked since 1999 or earlier.

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Source of data : 2001 Census Key Statistics for Local Authorities Table KS09a

Table 14: Economic Activity – Males

Count		<b>LBHF 2001</b>	<b>LBHF 1991</b>	<b>Inner London</b>	<b>Greater London</b>	<b>England &amp; Wales</b>		
All people aged 16 -74		62,377	54,728	1,018,541	2,575,171	18,504,583		
% people aged 16 - 74	Economically Active	Emplo yees	Full Time*	49.76	51.2	46.47	49.68	51.49
			Part time*	3.29	2.7	4.30	3.70	3.35
		Self Employed	13.7	12.67	12.26	13.32	12.29	
		Unemployed	6.33	12.68	7.09	5.47	4.29	
		Full Time Student	2.22	0.38	2.97	2.85	2.37	
	Economically Inactive	Retired	6.63	8.36	6.73	8.5	11.68	
		Student	7.14	5.66	8.11	6.6	4.75	
		Looking After home/family	0.99	-	1.24	1.05	0.92	
		Permanently sick/ disabled	5.47	4.35	5.97	5.0	6.11	
		Other	4.5	1.6	4.85	3.83	2.74	
Percentage of unemployed people aged 16 - 74	Aged 16 - 24	17.81	23.64	19.61	19.61	26.06		
	Aged over 50	17.18	18.50	15.87	15.87	20.72		
	Who have never worked#	10.51	-	12.83	11.64	8.71		
	Who are long-term unemployed	29.69	-	32.60	31.06	29.61		

Notes

- 1) \* For the Census, part-time is defined as working 30 hours or less a week. Full-time is defined as working 31 or more hours a week
- 2) # for those that have stated that they have not worked since 1999 or earlier.

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Source of data : 2001 Census Key Statistics for Local Authorities Table KS09b

Table 15: Economic Activity – Females

count		<i><b>LBHF 2001</b></i>	<i><b>LBHF 1991</b></i>	<i><b>Inner London</b></i>	<i><b>Greater London</b></i>	<i><b>England &amp; Wales</b></i>		
All people aged 16 -74		67,415	60,902	1,077,999	2,725,161	19,102,855		
% people aged 16 - 74	Economically Active	Empl yees	Full Time*	42.31	46	36.82	35.99	29.96
			Part time*	8.54	9.49	9.56	13.26	19.95
		Self Employed	7.18	5.54	5.71	4.86	4.40	
		Unemployed	3.71	6.80	4.14	3.31	2.45	
		Full Time Student	2.27	0.46	3.29	3.07	2.75	
	Economically Inactive	Retired	8.75	10.34	8.75	11.04	15.48	
		Student	7.24	5.48	8.4	6.54	4.65	
		Looking After home/family	11.22	-	12.68	12.95	11.93	
		Permanently sick/ disabled	4.04	3.05	4.73	4.17	4.95	
		Other	4.73	17.12	5.93	4.81	3.49	
Percentage of unemployed people aged 16 - 74	Aged 16 - 24	19.32	28.98	20.36	20.98	25.64		
	Aged over 50	12.48	11.63	11.65	13.25	15.00		
	Who have never worked#	11.12	-	15.89	14.30	10.19		
	Who are long-term unemployed	27.16	-	30.84	31.39	31.52		

Notes

- 1) \* For the Census, part-time is defined as working 30 hours or less a week. Full-time is defined as working 31 or more hours a week
- 2) # for those that have stated that they have not worked since 1999 or earlier.

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Source of data : 2001 Census Key Statistics for Local Authorities Table KS09c

Table 16: Hours Worked

			<b>LBHF 2001</b>	<b>LBHF 1991</b>	<b>Inner London</b>	<b>Greater London</b>	<b>England &amp; Wales</b>
Total males aged 16 – 74 in Employment			42,674	45,440	664,311	1,775,020	12,791,618
Percentage of males working (hours a week)	Part- time	1 to 5	0.56	1	0.53	0.51	0.51
		6 to 15	2.82		3.25	3.15	2.94
		16 to 30	6.58	4	8.70	7.19	6.17
	Full - time	31 to 37	10.73	95	14.23	14.95	14.8
		38 to 48	46.22		46.66	49.55	51.4
		49 or more	33.09		26.63	24.65	24.12
Total females aged 16 – 74 in Employment			40349	34870	589470	1544114	10836136
Percentage of females working (hours a week)	Part- time	1 to 5	0.87	7	1.04	1.27	1.88
		6 to 15	5.80		7.12	9.06	12.13
		16 to 30	14.58	14	17.14	20.42	28.44
	Full - time	31 to 37	17.90	79	22.78	23.93	22.28
		38 to 48	43.50		38.81	35.56	28.39
		49 or more	17.35		13.12	9.76	6.88
Average (mean) weekly hours worked:	male		43.63		42.02	41.9	42.21
	female		38.11		36.24	34.31	31.37

Note

- 1) Hours worked is the number of hours worked a week for the last four weeks before the Census

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Source of data : 2001 Census Key Statistics for Local Authorities Table KS10

Table 17: Industry of Employment – All People 16 – 74 in Employment

		<b>LBHF 2001</b>	<b>LBHF 1991</b>	<b>Inner London</b>	<b>Greater London</b>	<b>England &amp; Wales</b>
All People aged 16 to 74 in employment		83,022	80,270	1253781	3319134	23627754
Percentage of people working in:	Agriculture, hunting and forestry	0.28	*2	0.26	0.33	1.50
	Fishing	-		0.00	0.00	0.02
	Mining and quarrying	0.17	1	0.14	0.14	0.25
	Manufacturing	6.22	6	6.70	7.63	14.96
	Electricity, gas and water supply	0.3		0.25	0.33	0.73
	Construction	3.02	6	3.40	5.26	6.77
	Wholesale & retail trade, repair of motor vehicles	10.50	18	11.56	14.41	16.83
	Hotels and catering	5.06		5.58	4.62	4.76
	Transport, storage & communication	6.06	6	6.44	8.15	7.01
	Financial intermediation	9.89	15	8.77	7.96	4.73
	Real estate, renting and business activities	29.16		24.08	20.28	12.97
	Public administration and defence	3.58	47	4.94	5.37	5.72
	Education	5.51		7.48	7.56	7.76
	Health and Social Work	8.58		10.40	10.09	10.81
Other*	11.67	10.00		7.96	5.18	

\* Includes Energy and water supply industries

Notes:

- 1) Other includes other community, social and personal service activities, private households with employed persons and extra-territorial organisations and bodies
- 2) The Standard Industrial Classification (SIC) has been modified since the 1991 Census. The 2001 Census used the SIC (2000) classification.

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Source of data : 2001 Census Key Statistics for Local Authorities Table KS11a

Table 18: Industry of Employment – Males 16 – 74 in Employment

		<b>LBHF 2001</b>	<b>LBHF 1991</b>	<b>Inner London</b>	<b>Greater London</b>	<b>England &amp; Wales</b>
All Males aged 16 to 74 in employment		42,673	44,850	664311	1775020	12791618
Percentage of people working in:	Agriculture, hunting and forestry	0.37	*3	0.34	0.47	2.09
	Fishing			0.00	0.01	0.04
	Mining and quarrying	0.24	1	0.18	0.17	0.40
	Manufacturing	6.42	7	7.49	9.16	20.22
	Electricity, gas and water supply	0.41	*	0.35	0.48	0.97
	Construction	5.15	10	5.75	8.87	11.24
	Wholesale & retail trade, repair of motor vehicles	10.02	18	11.65	14.47	16.02
	Hotels and catering	5.46		6.19	4.75	3.71
	Transport, storage & communication	7.79	8	8.60	10.93	9.32
	Financial intermediation	12.17	15	10.11	8.28	4.14
	Real estate, renting and business activities	30.10		25.34	21.26	13.59
	Public administration and defence	3.38	37	4.54	5.08	5.79
	Education	3.23		4.59	4.09	4.10
	Health and Social Work	4.44		5.31	4.57	3.90
Other	10.81	9.57		7.51	4.47	

\* Includes Energy and water supply industries

Notes:

- 1) Other includes other community, social and personal service activities, private households with employed persons and extra-territorial organisations and bodies
- 3) The Standard Industrial Classification (SIC) has been modified since the 1991 Census. The 2001 Census used the SIC (2000) classification

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Source of data : 2001 Census Key Statistics for Local Authorities Table KS11b



Table 19: Industry of Employment – Females 16 – 74 in Employment

		<b>LBHF 2001</b>	<b>LBHF 1991</b>	<b>Inner London</b>	<b>Greater London</b>	<b>England &amp; Wales</b>
All Females aged 16 to 74 in employment		40,349	34,850	589470	1544114	10836136
Percentage of people working in:	Agriculture, hunting and forestry	0.18	*1	0.16	15	0.82
	Fishing			0.00	0.00	0.01
	Mining and quarrying	0.10	-	0.11	0.10	0.07
	Manufacturing	6.00	6	5.81	5.88	8.75
	Electricity, gas and water supply	0.18	*	0.14	0.16	0.44
	Construction	0.77	2	0.76	1.24	1.50
	Wholesale & retail trade, repair of motor vehicles	11.02	17	11.46	14.35	17.77
	Hotels and catering	4.65		4.90	4.47	6.01
	Transport, storage & communication	4.22	27	4.00	4.95	4.27
	Financial intermediation	7.48	14	7.25	7.60	5.42
	Real estate, renting and business activities	28.16		22.66	19.15	12.24
	Public administration and defence	3.79	55	5.40	5.70	5.64
	Education	7.91		10.73	11.34	12.07
	Health and Social Work	12.97		16.14	16.42	18.98
Other	12.58		10.49	8.47	6.02	

\* Includes Energy and water supply industries

Notes:

- 1) Other includes other community, social and personal service activities, private households with employed persons and extra-territorial organisations and bodies
- 2) The Standard Industrial Classification (SIC) has been modified since the 1991 Census. The 2001 Census used the SIC (2000) classification

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Source of data : 2001 Census Key Statistics for Local Authorities Table KS11c

Table 20: Occupation Groups: All People 16-74 in Employment

		<b>LBHF 2001</b>	<b>LBHF 1991</b>	<b>Inner London</b>	<b>Greater London</b>	<b>England &amp; Wales</b>
All people aged 16 - 74		83,023	64,760	1253781	3319134	26575679
% of people aged 16-74 in employment working as:	Managers and senior officials	22.81	20.90	18.50	17.58	14.74
	Professional Occupations	17.98	12.28	17.35	14.86	11.13
	Associate professional and technical occupations	23.48	15.83	21.11	17.91	13.77
	Administrative and secretarial occupations	12.56	17.88	13.24	15.46	13.31
	Skilled trades occupations	4.96	6.6	5.82	7.72	11.79
	Personal service occupations	5.01	9.48	5.71	5.89	6.93
	Sales and customer service occupations	4.41	5.02	5.70	6.70	7.74
	Process, plant and machine operatives	2.33	3.38	3.61	4.90	8.65
	Elementary Occupations	6.67	6.87	8.95	8.86	11.94

Table 21: Occupation Groups: Males 16-74 in Employment

		<b>LBHF 2001</b>	<b>LBHF 1991</b>	<b>Inner London</b>	<b>Greater London</b>	<b>England &amp; Wales</b>
All males aged 16 - 74		42,674	32,520	664311	1775020	12791618
% of males aged 16-74 in employment working as:	Managers and senior officials	26.20	23.46	21.28	20.87	18.49
	Professional Occupations	19.98	13.75	18.53	16.00	12.16
	Associate professional and technical occupations	22.00	14.91	19.97	17.25	13.46
	Administrative and secretarial occupations	6.34	8.46	7.13	7.50	5.40
	Skilled trades occupations	8.00	11.78	9.47	13.00	19.48
	Personal service occupations	2.54	9.10	2.75	2.46	2.02
	Sales and customer service occupations	3.08	4.30	4.37	4.68	4.06
	Process, plant and machine operatives	3.87	5.84	5.87	7.98	13.07
	Elementary Occupations	7.98	6.49	10.63	10.25	11.87

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Source of data : 2001 Census Key Statistics for Local Authorities Tables KS12a and KS12b

Table 22: Occupation Groups: Females 16-74 in Employment

		<b>LBHF 2001</b>	<b>LBHF 1991</b>	<b>Inner London</b>	<b>Greater London</b>	<b>England &amp; Wales</b>
All females aged 16 - 74		40,349	32,240	589470	1544114	10836136
% of females aged 16-74 in employment working as:	Managers and senior officials	19.23	18.30	15.37	13.79	11.12
	Professional Occupations	15.54	10.78	16.03	13.55	10.01
	Associate professional and technical occupations	25.05	16.75	22.39	18.67	14.17
	Administrative and secretarial occupations	19.13	27.39	20.13	24.61	22.68
	Skilled trades occupations	1.74	1.47	1.72	1.65	2.40
	Personal service occupations	7.61	9.86	9.05	9.84	12.69
	Sales and customer service occupations	5.82	5.74	7.20	9.03	11.93
	Process, plant and machine operatives	0.70	0.90	1.06	1.37	3.12
	Elementary Occupations	5.28	7.25	7.06	7.48	11.88

Table 23: Qualifications and Students

<b>Count</b>		<b>LBHF 2001</b>	<b>Inner London</b>	<b>Greater London</b>	<b>England &amp; Wales</b>	
All people aged 16-74		129,792	2,096,540	5,300,332	37,607,438	
% of people aged 16-74 with:	No qualifications	17.93	22.67	23.73	29.08	
	Highest qualification attained level 1	7.78	9.84	13.00	16.57	
	Highest qualification attained level 2	13.16	13.87	17.06	19.38	
	Highest qualification attained level 3	11.99	10.43	9.78	8.27	
	Highest qualification attained level 4/5	45.07	38.65	30.99	19.76	
Other qualifications / level unknown		4.06	4.55	5.43	6.94	
Total no of full-time students and schoolchildren	Aged 16-17	2,550	50,116	140,480	1,014,284	
	Aged 18-74	8,863	174,439	337,896	1,634,708	
% of full-time students aged 18-74	Economically active:	In employment	22.51	25.54	29.90	33.05
		Unemployed	5.73	6.93	6.52	5.10
	Economically inactive	71.76	67.53	63.58	61.84	

- Notes
- 1) Level 1: 1+ 'O' level passes, 1+ CSE/ GCSE any grades, NVQ level 1, Foundation GNVQ
  - 2) Level 2: 5+ 'O' level passes, 5+ CSEs (grade 1), 5+ GCSEs (grades A-C), School Certificate, 1+ 'A' levels / 'AS' levels, NVQ level 2, Intermediate GNVQ
  - 3) Level 3: 2+ 'A' levels, 4+ 'AS' levels, Higher School Certificate, NVQ level 3, Advanced GNVQ
  - 4) Level 4/5: First degree, Higher degree, NVQ levels 4 and 5, HNC, HND, Qualified Teacher Status, qualified Medical Doctor, Qualified Dentist, Qualified Nurse, Midwife, Health Visitor.
  - 5) There were no questions in 1991 about school qualifications, and for higher levels the question was asked of the whole population rather than just 16-74s

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Source of data : 2001 Census Key Statistics for Local Authorities Tables KS12c and KS13

Table 24: Socio Economic Classification: All People 16-74

		<b>LBHF 2001</b>	<b>Inner London</b>	<b>Greater London</b>	<b>England &amp; Wales</b>
All people aged 16 - 74		129,792	2096540	5300332	37607438
Percentage of people aged 16 - 74	Large employers and higher managerial positions	6.89	4.90	4.41	3.43
	Higher professional occupations	11.04	9.05	7.67	5.03
	Lower managerial and professional occupations	26.23	22.71	22.23	18.59
	Intermediate occupations	8.24	8.26	10.24	9.39
	Small employers and own account workers	6.11	5.48	6.40	6.98
	Lower supervisory and technical occupations	3.64	4.18	4.99	7.15
	Semi-routine occupations	6.71	8.41	9.04	11.68
	Routine occupations	4.61	5.49	5.79	9.07
	Never worked	4.09	6.21	4.65	2.72
	Long term unemployed (1)	1.43	1.78	1.36	1.02
	Full-time students(2)	8.79	10.71	9.03	7.04
	Not classifiable for other reasons	12.23	12.83	14.20	17.90

Notes:

- (1) For Long-term unemployed year last worked is 1999 or earlier.
- (2) In the NS-SeC classification, all full time students are recorded in the "full-time students" category regardless of whether they are economically active or not.
- (3) 'Not classifiable for other reasons' includes people whose occupation has not been coded.

Table 25: Socio Economic Classification: Males 16-74

		<b>LBHF 2001</b>	<b>Inner London</b>	<b>Greater London</b>	<b>England &amp; Wales</b>
All males aged 16 - 74		62,377	1018541	2575171	18504583
Percentage of males aged 16 - 74	Large employers and higher managerial positions	8.58	6.11	5.75	4.97
	Higher professional occupations	14.85	11.85	10.53	7.31
	Lower managerial and professional occupations	24.42	21.96	21.75	18.29
	Intermediate occupations	4.74	5.25	6.08	5.01
	Small employers and own account workers	8.21	7.78	9.68	10.22
	Lower supervisory and technical occupations	4.89	5.73	7.22	10.45
	Semi-routine occupations	5.63	7.53	7.35	8.66
	Routine occupations	5.27	6.80	7.19	10.88
	Never worked	2.65	3.58	2.65	1.69
	Long term unemployed (1)	1.88	2.31	1.70	1.27
	Full-time students(2)	8.80	10.46	8.97	6.92
	Not classifiable for other reasons	10.07	10.62	11.14	14.32

Notes:

- (1) For Long-term unemployed year last worked is 1999 or earlier.
  - (2) In the NS-SeC classification, all full time students are recorded in the "full-time students" category regardless of whether they are economically active or not.
- 'Not classifiable for other reasons' includes people whose occupation has not been coded.

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Source of data : 2001 Census Key Statistics for Local Authorities Tables KS14a and KS14b

Table 26: Socio Economic Classification: Females 16-74

		<b>LBHF 2001</b>	<b>Inner London</b>	<b>Greater London</b>	<b>England &amp; Wales</b>
All females aged 16 - 74		67,415	1077999	2725161	19102855
Percentage of females aged 16 - 74	Large employers and higher managerial positions	5.33	3.76	3.15	1.93
	Higher professional occupations	7.51	6.40	4.96	2.83
	Lower managerial and professional occupations	27.90	23.41	22.67	18.87
	Intermediate occupations	11.48	11.09	14.17	13.64
	Small employers and own account workers	4.17	3.29	3.30	3.85
	Lower supervisory and technical occupations	2.48	2.71	2.89	3.95
	Semi-routine occupations	7.70	9.24	10.64	14.61
	Routine occupations	3.99	4.25	4.47	7.32
	Never worked	5.41	8.69	6.55	3.71
	Long term unemployed (1)	1.01	1.28	1.04	0.77
	Full-time students(2)	8.79	10.95	9.07	7.16
Not classifiable for other reasons		14.24	14.92	17.09	21.36

Notes:

- 1) For Long-term unemployed year last worked is 1999 or earlier.
- 2) In the NS-SeC classification, all full time students are recorded in the "full-time students" category regardless of whether they are economically active or not.  
'Not classifiable for other reasons' includes people whose occupation has not been coded.

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Source of data : 2001 Census Key Statistics for Local Authorities Table KS14c

Table 27: Travel To Work

		<b>LBHF 2001</b>	<b>LBHF 1991(6)</b>	<b>Inner London</b>	<b>Greater London</b>	<b>England &amp; Wales</b>
All people aged 16 – 74 in employment		83,023	64,760	1,253,781	3,319,134	2,362,7754
Percentage of people who work mainly at or from home		8.88	5.65	8.77	8.61	9.19
Percentage of people aged 16 – 74 in employment who usually travel to work by:	Underground, metro, light rail, tram	37.63	35.20	27.85	18.84	3.01
	Train	3.67	1.59	10.42	12.18	4.08
	Bus, minibus or coach	10.71	12.1	14.29	11.12	7.40
	Motorcycle, scooter or moped	2.20	1.11	1.55	1.42	1.09
	Driving a car or van (1)	17.97	22.4	19.94	33.50	55.23
	Passenger in a car or van	1.03	1.90	1.45	2.51	6.25
	Taxi or minicab	0.51	-	0.76	0.65	0.52
	Bicycle	4.75	3.80	3.47	2.33	2.76
	On foot	12.31	12.38	10.96	8.42	10.01
Other	0.52	3.78(7)	0.53	0.42	0.47	
Percentage of public transport users in households: (5)	With car or van	55.50	55.00	53.10	64.48	69.01
	Without car or van	44.08	45.00	46.30	35.11	30.44

Notes:

- (1) Driving a car or a van includes sharing driving and car pooling in Northern Ireland.
- (2) Excludes working at home, no fixed place of work, working at offshore installation, working outside the UK
- (3) The distance travelled a calculation of the straight line between the postcode of the place of residence and postcode of workplace.
- (4) For the purposes of this table, public transport is defined as Underground; metro; light rail or tram; train; and bus minibus or coach.
- (5) Number of people who travel to work by public transport that live in a household with/without a car expressed as a percentage of the number of people who travel to work by public transport
- (6) Borough Residents 10% sample and excludes imputed population
- (7) Includes transport mode not stated

Table 28: Household Spaces and Accommodation Type

<b>Count</b>			<b>LBHF 2001</b>	<b>LBHF 1991</b>	<b>Inner London</b>	<b>Greater London</b>	<b>England &amp; Wales</b>
Total household spaces	With residents		75,438	69,823	1,219,859	3,015,997	21,660,475
	With no residents	Vacant Second residence/ holiday accomm	1,905 399	5,254 387	36,009 11,835	77,845 15,815	727,448 150,718
% of all household spaces which are of accommodation type:	Whole house or bungalow	Detached	1.18	0.38	2.00	6.04	22.77
		Semi detached	4.81	2.05	5.89	19.13	31.58
		Terraced (inc end terrace)	23.09	23.22	21.07	25.93	26.04
	Flat, maisonette or apartment	Purpose built block	37.83	35.48	46.20	33.04	13.62
		Part of converted or shared house (inc bedsits) In commercial buildings	30.81	35.74	22.65	13.94	4.43
Caravan or other mobile or temporary structure		2.20	-	2.09	1.82	1.15	
		0.08	0.04	0.10	0.11	0.42	

Note: 1) 'Commercial building' includes an office building, or hotel, or over a shop.

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Source of data : 2001 Census Key Statistics for Local Authorities Tables KS15 and KS16

Table 29: Cars and Vans

<b>Count</b>		<b>LBHF 2001</b>	<b>LBHF 1991</b>	<b>Inner London</b>	<b>Greater London</b>	<b>England &amp; Wales</b>
All households		75,438	69,794	1,219,859	3,015,997	21,660,475
Total number of cars or vans in the area		48,868	42,459	751,157	2,616,328	23,936,250
% of households with cars or vans	None	48.56	52.02	50.64	37.49	26.79
	One	40.38	36.67	39.28	43.05	43.80
	Two	9.32	9.81	8.48	15.79	23.53
	Three	1.40	1.51	1.25	2.87	4.51
	Four or more	0.34	-	0.36	0.80	1.38

- Notes
- 1) Data includes any company car or van if available for private use.
  - 2) Total number of cars or vans is the number of cars or vans available for use by one or more members of households.
  - 3) Data from 1991 only went up to 'three or more' cars or vans.

Table 30: Tenure

<b>Count</b>			<b>LBHF 2001</b>	<b>LBHF 1991</b>	<b>Inner London</b>	<b>Greater London</b>	<b>England &amp; Wales</b>
Total households			75,438	69,823	1,219,859	3,015,997	21,660,475
% of house- holds	owner occupied	Owns outright	19.21	11.14	14.55	22.05	29.46
		Owns with mortgage or loan	23.81	30.80	24.02	33.51	38.76
		Shared ownership	0.94	-	1.12	0.96	0.64
	Renting	Council	19.16	23.84	25.28	17.12	13.24
		Housing Association / RSL	13.49	11.06	12.74	9.09	5.95
		Private landlord or letting agency	19.65	21.56	18.77	14.34	8.72
		Other	3.75	1.60	3.52	2.93	3.22

- Notes
- 1) Shared ownership is part rent, part mortgage.
  - 2) Housing Association/ RSL includes Housing Co-operative and Charitable Trust.
  - 3) 'Other' includes employer of a household member and relative or friend of a household member and living rent free

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Source of data : 2001 Census Key Statistics for Local Authorities Tables KS17 and KS18

Table 31: Rooms, Amenities, Central Heating and Floor Level

<b>Count</b>		<b>LBHF 2001</b>	<b>LBHF 1991</b>	<b>Inner London</b>	<b>Greater London</b>	<b>England &amp; Wales</b>
Total households		75,438	69,794	1,219,859	3,015,997	21,660,475
Average household size		2.16	2.09	2.23	2.35	2.36
Average number of rooms per household		4.24	4.01	4.23	4.68	5.34
% of occupied household spaces	With occupancy rating of -1 or less	25.20		24.64	17.32	6.97
	With central heating and sole use of bath/ shower and toilet	88.54	72.94	90.25	91.54	91.21
	Without central heating or sole use of bath/ shower and toilet	0.67	2.60	0.62	0.38	0.16
	Without central heating but with sole use of bath/ shower and toilet	9.91	23.31	8.23	7.40	8.31
	With central heating, without sole use of bath/ shower and toilet	0.88	1.15	0.90	0.68	0.32
Lowest floor level	Basement or semi basement	14.34	-	9.83	5.01	2.72
	Ground level (street level)	43.45	-	45.35	64.98	85.83
	1 <sup>st</sup> , 2 <sup>nd</sup> , 3 <sup>rd</sup> or 4 <sup>th</sup> floor	38.53	-	40.08	27.51	10.80
	5 <sup>th</sup> floor or higher	3.68	-	4.73	2.50	0.65

- Notes
- 1) Floor level was not asked in 1991.
  - 2) The occupancy rating provides a measure of under-occupancy and overcrowding. For example a value of -1 implies that there is one room too few and that there is overcrowding in the household. The occupancy rating assumes that every household, including one person households requires a minimum of two common rooms (excluding bathrooms).

Table 32: Communal Establishment Residents

<b>Count</b>			<b>LBHF 2001</b>	<b>Inner London</b>	<b>Greater London</b>	<b>England &amp; Wales</b>	
Total number of communal establishments			176	3,443	6,132	46,431	
Number of residents			1,984	45,179	87,398	858,098	
% of people living in:	Medical and care establishments	NHS					
		Psychiatric	-	1.29	1.92	1.30	
		Other	5.39	4.02	4.56	2.27	
		Local Authority	Childrens homes	0.55	0.05	0.12	0.23
			Other	1.81	1.97	3.57	4.55
		Housing Association	0.45	2.10	2.15	1.10	
		Other	Nursing Homes	7.41	5.82	11.63	14.87
			Residential Care Homes	3.88	5.52	14.11	20.30
			Childrens Homes	-	0.13	0.16	0.15
	Other		1.46	1.25	1.51	1.61	
Other establishments		79.03	77.85	60.28	53.62		
% of people in communal establishments with a limiting long-term illness	Medical and care establishments	81.01	82.61	87.32	91.05		
	Other establishments	22.00	15.03	15.42	12.30		

- Notes
- 1) 'Residents' excludes staff and families of staff.
  - 2) The definition of communal establishments was different in 1991.
  - 3) In the last two lines of data, the percentage figures are as a proportion of the number of residents in medical and care establishments.

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Source of data : 2001 Census Key Statistics for Local Authorities Tables KS19 and KS23



Table 33: Hammersmith & Fulham's Position in National Rankings

<b>Factor</b>	<b>Table reference</b>	<b>Value</b>	<b>%</b>	<b>Ranking out of 376 LAs in England &amp; Wales</b>	<b>Comment</b>
No of Households with residents	1	75,438			
People per hectare	1	100.80		4	Top 17 all LBs
Average household size	31	2.16		364	
Single people (never married)	4	75,521	54.7	2	
People married or re-married	4	40,063	29.0	374	
People separated or divorced	4	14,697	10.6	166	
People widowed	4	7,735	5.6	368	
One person households	5	30,385	40.3	7	Top 7 all LBs
Married couple households	5	13,908	18.4	372	Bottom 9 all LBs
Cohabiting couple households	5	6,850	9.1	75	
Lone parent households with dependent children	5	4,932	6.5	123	
Lone parent households with non-dependent children	5	2,559	3.4	65	
All other households	5	16,804	22.3	4	
People of white ethnic origin	11	128,602	77.8	350	
People of Black or Black British: Caribbean ethnic origin	11		5.2	11	Top 11 all LBs
People of Irish ethnic origin	11		4.8	3	Top 4 all LBs
People born in UK	10	109,750	66.4	367	Bottom 22 all LBs
People born elsewhere in EU (inc Irish Republic)	10	15,913	9.6	3	Top 13 all LBs
People born outside EU	10	39,579	24.0	15	Top 19 all LBs
Christian	12	105,169	63.6	338	
Buddhist	12	1,271	0.8	18	
Hindu	12	1,801	1.1	52	
Jewish	12	1,312	0.8	30	
Muslim	12	11,314	6.8	31	
Sikh	12	318	0.2	116	
Other religion	12	713	0.4	45	
No religion	12	29,148	17.6	66	
Religion not stated	12	14,196	8.6	42	
People with limiting long-term illness	7	24,228	14.7	305	
People whose general health is 'not good'	7	13,577	8.2	217	
People providing unpaid care	7	11,600	7.0	373	Bottom 6 all LBs
People providing unpaid care working over 50 hours per week	7	1,976	1.2	367	
Households without a car or van	29	36,630	48.6	11	
Households with 2+ cars or vans	29	8,347	11.1	366	Bottom 12 all LBs
Employed (% is of 16-74s)	13	80,753	62.2	192	
Unemployed (% is of 16-74s)	13	6,447	5.0	25	
Long-term unemployed (% is of 16-74s)	13	1,851	1.4	48	
Students economically active (%)	13	2,915	2.2	175	

is of 16-74s)					
Retired (% is of 16-74s)	13	10,038	7.7	371	
Students economically inactive (% is of 16-74s)	13	9,330	7.2	34	
Looking after home/ family (% is of 16-74s)	13	8,181	6.3	195	
Permanently sick/ disabled (% is of 16-74s)	13	6,134	4.7	184	
Other inactive (% is of 16-74s)	13	5,994	4.6	20	
Travel to work by car	27	15,778	19.0	370	19 of the bottom 20 are all LBs
Travel to work by public transport	27	43,183	52.0	7	Top 32 all LBs
Highest qualification: degree or higher	23	58,493	45.1	7	Top 7 all LBs
People with no qualifications	23	23,271	17.9	364	
Vacant household spaces	28	1,905	2.5	272	
Owner occupier households	30	33,157	44.0	365	
Households without central heating	31	7,981	10.6	70	
Households without own bath/ shower and toilet	31	1,168	1.5	10	
Overcrowding indicator	31	19,013	25.2	9	Top 16 all LBs

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